MEDIA RELEASE

Scotiabank®

June 8, 2023

SCOTIA GROUP JAMAICA REPORTS SECOND QUARTER OF FISCAL 2023 RESULTS

Scotia Group reports net income of \$7.6 billion for the six months ended April 30, 2023, representing an increase of \$4.0 billion or 108.4% over the comparative prior period. Net income for the quarter of \$4.2 billion reflected an increase of \$788MM or 23% over the previous quarter. The Group's performance continues to be anchored by solid growth across all our business lines, prudent risk management and efficient management of our operations.

"We remain laser-focused on our strategy, and this has allowed us to maintain momentum across our lines of business supported firmly by our ongoing customer service improvements and digital transformation initiatives" said Audrey Tugwell Henry, President and CEO of Scotia Group Jamaica.

She further commented, "Our customers continue to place their trust in us, evidenced by sustained growth in our deposit book and as we continue to evolve as a full-suite financial services provider. They have also shown increasing interest in our new and innovative products, including those offered by our recently launched subsidiary Scotia General Insurance Agency."

During the period under review, we have seen increasing interest in our products and services resulting in strong performances across the business. Total deposits increased by 10% (\$437.6 billion in 2023 up from J\$ 397.7 billion in 2022) as customers continue to trust us to manage their financial affairs. The Group also maintained growth in our lending portfolio as we continue to offer competitive products to the market. Total loans during the period increased by 20.3%, up J\$42.1 billion compared the respective period in 2022. The corporate and commercial segment delivered growth of 23% over prior period as our team continued to provide relevant financial solutions, sound relationship management and exemplary services to business customers. There continues to be strong growth in our digital payment solutions for business customers with near universal adoption of our outgoing payment solutions on our propriety channels. We have also seen strong adoption of our eCommerce solutions and enhanced tax payment service introduced during the last two quarters.

The retail banking business also performed well with our flagship Scotia Plan Loans increasing by 12% versus the corresponding period in 2022. We continue to support customers to buy a home with highly competitive interest rates for mortgages. As a result, our mortgage business continues to perform exceptionally with a 31% increase versus the prior period.

Our life insurance business, Scotia Jamaica Life Insurance Company Limited (Scotia Insurance) reported net insurance revenue of \$1 billion compared to \$136 million in the prior period, reflecting a year over year increase of \$894 million. Scotia Insurance will celebrate its 25th anniversary in June and we are proud to have helped thousands of Jamaicans to protect their families and plan for the future with our products. We intend to redouble our efforts to ensure that all our customers are aware of the importance of protection as part of their financial plan.

Scotia Insurance also launched a key enhancement to Scotia CritiCare, our critical illness plan, which now boasts triple the coverage previously offered as we increase our efforts to provide our customers with accessible and affordable coverage for major illnesses.





460,389 customers enrolled in online and mobile banking



Non accrual loans as a percentage of gross loans lower than inclustry average





At Scotia Investments, all our funds continue to perform well with yields beating the respective benchmarks. Our Scotia Premium Short Term Income Fund JMD and Scotia Premium US\$ Indexed Fund continue to deliver best-in-class performances ranking in the top two among similar funds. This performance is a testament to our investment management expertise as well as our commitment to deliver the best risk-adjusted returns to our customers.

We must also highlight the successful efforts of our Investment Banking team in raising J\$250 million to refinance maturing preference shares for CAC 2000 Limited (Ltd.) - an industry - leading energy and indoor environmental quality solutions provider which services both the commercial and residential sectors.

Our Customer First strategy continues to evolve as we reimagine the customer experience in all areas of our business. We continue to leverage 'The Pulse', our customer feedback system to ensure that we are actively listening to customers and addressing their concerns. Over the past few months, we have seen marked improvements in customer satisfaction and net promoter scores.

Leveraging our customer insights, we recently launched Scotia Access, a focused relationship strategy for customers with more complex financial needs. This model offers personalized advice and solutions by a dedicated advisor as well as a digital collaboration tool which allows customers to connect on the go in a secure environment through mobile or online banking with their assigned advisor via chat, audio or video conferencing.

In March 2023, we began a major migration exercise of approximately 70,000 customers to accounts better suited for their needs. The migration exercise included customers who now qualify for senior accounts which offer a range of special benefits and reduced fees.

Further upgrades continued across our digital channels with the revamping of our online banking website and the implementation of 'Breeze' - a more customer intuitive online web platform with several enhanced functionalities. Online banking is now our most used channel with 39% of total transactions being conducted online and only 2% within our branches.

We continue to advance our Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) agenda through various initiatives. In April 2023, we supported the Jamaica Environment Trust in coastal clean-up efforts with a beach clean-up activity at Sigarny Beach in Kingston. Over 4,100 pounds of garbage were collected and sorted during that event. During the quarter, Scotiabank globally launched a net zero research fund which offered not-for-profit and charitable organizations opportunities to submit proposals for research targeting decarbonization.

Our Social Impact initiatives are ongoing throughout the year. During the quarter, the Group supported Junior Achievement Jamaica through the 'Scotiabank Road to Success' financial education programme. Financial literacy sessions were also held in conjunction with project STAR for women in the participating communities in Kingston. The Scotiabank Women Initiative (SWI) continued to support women-led businesses through an education seminar focused on ecommerce. The SWI also launched an entrepreneurial course with Dress for Success Jamaica aimed at helping women from disadvantaged situations to become more economically resilient.

In line with our corporate governance standards, Scotia Group held its Annual General Meeting in March 2023 in a hybrid format. This gave us the opportunity to engage with our shareholders to discuss the performance and direction of the business.

In closing, I would sincerely like to thank all our shareholders for their demonstrated confidence in the Group. I would like to thank our winning team of Scotiabankers for going the extra mile for our customers and delivering another strong performance this quarter, and of course thank you to our customers who continue to make Scotia their financial partner - for every future."

GROUP FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

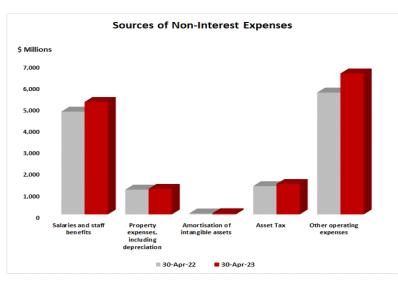
TOTAL REVENUES

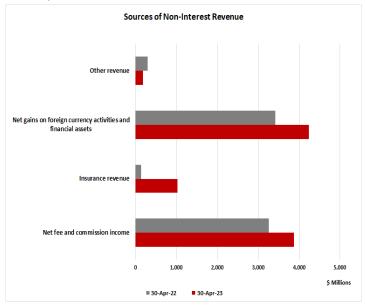
Total revenues excluding expected credit losses for the six months ended April 30, 2023, grew by \$7.4 billion to \$27.2 billion reflecting an increase of 37.2% over the prior year period. This was primarily driven by an increase in net interest income of \$5.2 billion stemming from the strong growth in our loan portfolio, higher insurance revenue as well as higher fee and commission income earned given the significant increase in transaction volumes.

OTHER REVENUE

Other income, defined as all income other than interest income increased by \$2.2 billion or 31.1%.

- Net insurance revenue increased by \$894.1 million or 657.5% from \$136.0 million¹ to \$1.0 billion driven by:
 - higher contractual service margin, expected claims and insurance expense releases based on the performance of the portfolio,
 - higher revenue generated from our Creditor Life portfolio given higher transaction volumes stemming from further deepening of our customer relationships.
- Net fee and commission income for the period amounted to \$3.9 billion and showed an increase of \$619.1 million or 19.0% given an increase in customer transactions and business activities.
- Net gains on foreign currency activities and financial assets amounted to \$4.2 billion reflecting a year over year increase of \$822.6 million or 24.1%.





OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses continue to be anchored by the Group's expense management initiatives and totaled \$14.4 billion as at April 2023 reflecting an increase of \$1.5 billion or 11.4% driven by higher technical support fees arising from the higher transaction volumes.

Note 1:

Based on the early adoption of IFRS 17, insurance revenue for the prior period was restated and reflected lower revenue of \$136.0 million (previously reported – gain of \$1.5 billion). See note 11 for details on the restatement.

CREDIT QUALITY

Expected credit losses for the period showed a reduction of \$51.2 million or 4.2% when compared to Q2 2022. The Group's credit quality remains strong and we are well provisioned for both our performing and non-performing loans, ensuring adequate coverage for possible future non-performing loans.

Non-accrual loans (NALs) as at April 2023 totaled \$4.2 billion compared to \$4.0 billion as at April 2022. This represents an increase of \$227.4 million or 5.7%. The Group's NALs represent 1.7% of gross loans when compared to April 2022 (1.9%) and 0.7% of total assets (April 2022 -0.7%). Of note, the Group's NALs as a percentage of gross loans continue to be below the industry average. The Group's accumulated credit loss provisions (ACLs) for loans as at April 2023 was \$6.0 billion, representing 141.2% coverage of total non-performing loans.

GROUP FINANCIAL CONDITION

ASSETS

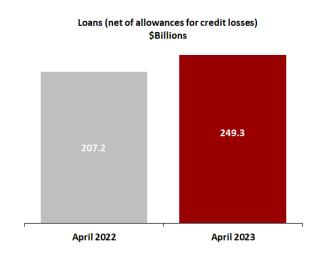
The Group's asset base grew by \$27.7 billion or 4.6% to \$633.0 billion as at April 2023. This was predominantly as a result of the significant growth on our loan portfolio of \$42.1 billion or 20.3% and higher cash resources of \$18.4 billion or 11.3%. This was partially offset by a reduction in other assets of \$19.5 billion or 35.9% on account of the lower carrying value of the retirement benefit asset as well as lower investment securities of \$10.4 billion or 6.4%.

Cash Resources

Our cash resources held to meet statutory reserves and the Group's prudential liquidity targets stood at \$181.2 billion and reflected a year over year increase of \$18.4 billion or 11.3%. The increase noted was attributable to the growth in our core deposits as well as investment maturities. The Group maintains a strong liquidity position which enables us to respond effectively to changes in our cash flow requirements.

Loans

Our loan portfolio increased by \$42.1 billion or 20.3% compared to April 2022, with loans net of allowances for credit losses increasing to \$249.3 billion. Our core loan book continues to perform well with mortgages increasing year over year by 31%, consumer loans by 12% and commercial loans by 23%.

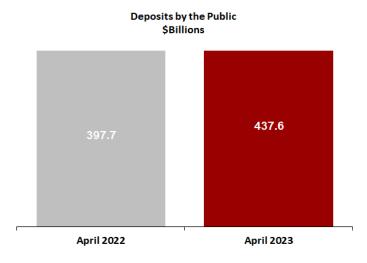


LIABILITIES

Total liabilities were \$523.7 billion as at April 2023 and showed an increase of \$31.2 billion or 6.3%. The increase noted was driven mainly by increased customer deposits.

Deposits

Deposits by the public increased to \$437.6 billion. The \$39.9 billion or 10.0% growth in core deposits was reflected in higher inflows from our retail and commercial customers, signaling our customers' continued confidence in the strength and safety of the Scotia Group.



Obligations related to repurchase agreements, capital management and government securities funds

Net obligations decreased by \$5.3 billion or 32.4%. Our strategic focus continues to be geared towards growing our off-balance sheet business, namely, mutual funds and unit trusts. As at April 2023 our asset management portfolios showed a reduction of \$2.1 billion or 1.1% given the fall off in the fair value of the funds stemming from the significant increase in interest rates in the market.

Insurance Contract Liabilities/Segregated Funds

The Group has early adopted the new insurance standard IFRS 17. Consequently, insurance contract liabilities were restated and insurance contracts with direct participation features were brought on balance sheet. Insurance contract liabilities primarily relates to our flagship product ScotiaMint with a balance of \$49.4 billion as at April 2023 and reflected a year over year increase of \$1.0 billion or 2.1%. Our segregated fund balance primarily relates to our Scotia Affirm product which continues to perform well, growing by \$242.5 million or 27.0% year over year. The increase noted was attributable to the improved performance of the stock market. In addition, we continue to advise Jamaicans of the importance of having insurance protection as part of their overall financial plan.

Other Liabilities

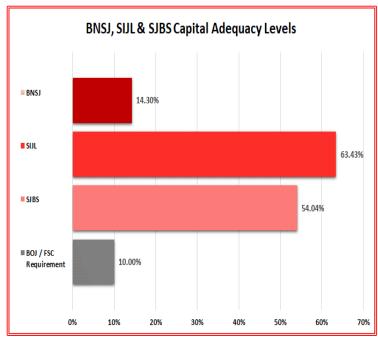
Other liabilities totaled \$22.2 billion as at April 2023 and showed a reduction of \$4.6 billion or 17.1% over prior year. The year over year movement was primarily attributable to the reduction in deferred taxation of \$6.7 billion or 84.8% given the change in the retirement benefit asset based on the revised assumptions used in the actuarial valuation. This was partially offset by an increase in other liabilities of \$3.1 billion or 22.9%.

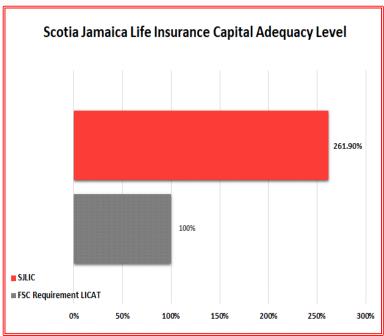
CAPITAL

Shareholders' equity available to common shareholders totaled \$109.3 billion and reflected a reduction of \$3.5 billion or 3.1% when compared to April 2022. This was due primarily to the reduction in the carrying value of the defined benefit pension plan asset and dividends paid which was partially offset by internally generated profits.

We continue to exceed regulatory capital requirements in all our business lines, and our strong capital position also enables us to manage increased capital adequacy requirements in the future and take advantage of growth opportunities.

Our regulatory capital adequacy levels versus the minimum requirements are shown below:





OUR COMMITMENT TO THE COMMUNITY

Scotia Group Jamaica maintained its philanthropic efforts during the second quarter of the financial year, to support the communities in which we operate.

MENTORING YOUTH

Through several initiatives, volunteers from the Scotiabank Jamaica Foundation (Scotia Foundation) invested their time in programmes and initiatives designed to mentor and guide young people. Beginning in February 2023, volunteers participated in Career Day activities at the Allman Town primary school to encourage the students to earnestly pursue their dreams and gave insight into careers within the financial sector.

Maintaining our relationship with Junior Achievement Jamaica, Scotiabank volunteers assisted the entity to host several developmental sessions with high school students across the island.

Over 1,000 high school students have since the start of the year participated in the Scotiabank Road to Success programme, which is designed to raise awareness among youth about the importance of managing their finances and setting goals for the future. Some of the students who participated in the programme were also invited to Scotia Group Jamaica's Annual General Meeting to gain exposure on how a publicly listed company operates.



Kaysia Johnson Vaughan, Director, SME Professional Partnerships, Scotiabank, is engaged in conversation with ladies from the Project STAR supported communities at the International Women's Day reception hosted by the Scotia Foundation.



Audrey Tugwell Henry, President and CEO, Scotia Group Jamaica is pictured with students and teachers from the Vauxhall and Holy Trinity High Schools at the company's AGM. The students were part of the Scotiabank sponsored programme with Junior Achievement Jamaica.

UPLIFTING WOMEN & ENTREPRENUERS

In keeping with our commitment to community development, the Scotia Foundation executed several projects in partnership with Project STAR (Social Transformation and Renewal) to positively affect the lives of the people in our surrounding communities. In March, as part of celebrations for Women's History Month and International Women's Day, the Foundation feted several women and female entrepreneurs from the Rose and Parade Gardens communities in downtown, Kingston to a reception hosted by several of the Bank's female leaders.

SUPPORTING FINANCIAL LITERACY

Scotiabank volunteers also hosted a financial literacy session with entrepreneurs from communities supported by Project STAR to guide the community business leaders on how to enhance their efforts. Project STAR is a multi-agency, private sector funded, 4-year intervention programme targeting a development and transformation of several some communities across Jamaica. The Scotia Foundation has invested \$10 million in the initiative.



Yvett Anderson, District Vice President for Retail Banking, makes a point to entrepreneurs in the financial literacy session hosted from members of the Rose and Parade Gardens communities.

PRESERVING THE ENVIRONMENT

During the quarter, the Scotia Foundation also partnered with the Jamaica Environment Trust (JET) to clear garbage from the coast at the Sigarny Beach in Kingston in commemoration of Earth Day on April 22. Some 60 Scotiabank volunteers along with other corporate volunteers worked to rid the coast of plastics and other trash items. A total of 413 bags of garbage, weighing an estimated 4,100 pounds, were removed from the beach by 149 volunteers.





Scotiabank volunteers at the coastal clean-up held at the Sigarny Beach in Kingston on Earth Day, April 22.

Consolidated Statement of Revenue and Expenses Period ended April 30, 2023

| | For th | e three months ended | d | For the period e | ended |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|
| | | | Restated | | |
| Unaudited | April | January | April | April | April |
| (\$ Thousands) | 2023 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| (************************************** | | | | | |
| Interest income | 9,746,617 | 9,244,066 | 6,995,463 | 18,990,683 | 13,607,511 |
| Interest expense | (369,450) | (130,555) | (141,578) | (500,005) | (286,766 |
| Net interest income | 9,377,167 | 9,113,511 | 6,853,885 | 18,490,678 | 13,320,745 |
| Expected credit losses | (665,080) | (510,014) | (656,976) | (1,175,094) | (1,226,283 |
| Net interest income after expected credit losses | 8,712,087 | 8,603,497 | 6,196,909 | 17,315,584 | 12,094,462 |
| Finance expenses from insurance contracts | (424,335) | (188,231) | (503,244) | (612,566) | (604,129 |
| Finance expenses from reinsurance contracts | (15) | (17) | 136 | (32) | 134 |
| Total insurance finance expenses | (424,350) | (188,248) | (503,108) | (612,598) | (603,995 |
| Insurance revenue | 573,451 | 660,651 | 546,051 | 1,234,102 | 368,445 |
| Insurance service expenses | (80,815) | (123, 184) | (70,325) | (203,999) | (232,462 |
| Net insurance revenue | 492,636 | 537,467 | 475,726 | 1,030,103 | 135,983 |
| Net fee and commission income | 1,940,040 | 1,933,616 | 1,752,180 | 3,873,656 | 3,254,518 |
| Net gains on foreign currency activities | 1,944,911 | 2,070,110 | 1,248,504 | 4,015,021 | 3,365,968 |
| Net gains / (losses) on financial assets | 33,435 | 189,775 | (19,263) | 223,210 | 49,687 |
| Other revenue | 9,345 | 168,783 | 6,713 | 178,128 | 302,101 |
| | 3,927,731 | 4,362,284 | 2,988,134 | 8,290,015 | 6,972,274 |
| Total operating Income | 12,708,104 | 13,315,000 | 9,157,661 | 26,023,104 | 18,598,724 |
| Operating Expenses | | | | | |
| Salaries and staff benefits | 2,630,514 | 2,595,916 | 2,233,594 | 5,226,430 | 4,777,328 |
| Property expenses, including depreciation | 622,867 | 564,911 | 627,409 | 1,187,778 | 1,152,307 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 27,361 | 28,354 | 22,739 | 55,715 | 45,480 |
| Asset tax | 1,909 | 1,412,687 | (40,878) | 1,414,596 | 1,316,085 |
| Other operating expenses | 3,284,123 | 3,266,545 | 2,926,158 | 6,550,668 | 5,664,904 |
| | 6,566,774 | 7,868,413 | 5,769,022 | 14,435,187 | 12,956,104 |
| Profit before taxation | 6,141,330 | 5,446,587 | 3,388,639 | 11,587,917 | 5,642,620 |
| Taxation | (1,932,999) | (2,026,293) | (981,743) | (3,959,292) | (1,982,439 |
| Profit for the period | 4,208,331 | 3,420,294 | 2,406,896 | 7,628,625 | 3,660,181 |
| | | | | | |
| Attributable to:- | 19 1971889 2004 12800 | pag pagadapadan satus | 20 March 20 April 2 | | |
| Equityholders of the Company | 4,208,331 | 3,420,294 | 2,406,896 | 7,628,625 | 3,660,181 |
| Earnings per share (cents) | 135 | 110 | 77 | 245 | 11 |
| Return on average equity (annualized) | 15.70% | 12.87% | 8.48% | 14.22% | 6.469 |
| Return on assets (annualized) | 2.66% | 2.26% | 1.59% | 2.41% | 1.219 |
| Productivity ratio | 49.10% | 56.91% | 58.78% | 53.07% | 65.359 |

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income Period ended April 30, 2023

| | | For the period ended | | | |
|--|-----------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | Restated | | |
| Unaudited | April | January | April | April | April |
| (\$ Thousands) | 2023 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Profit for the period | 4,208,331 | 3,420,294 | 2,406,896 | 7,628,625 | 3,660,181 |
| Other comprehensive (loss) / income: | | | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: | | | | | |
| Remeasurement of defined benefit plan/obligations | 186,752 | (9,460,619) | 219,973 | (9,273,867) | 2,967,971 |
| Taxation | (62,251) | 3,153,540 | (73,325) | 3,091,289 | (989,324) |
| | 124,501 | (6,307,079) | 146,648 | (6,182,578) | 1,978,647 |
| | | | | | |
| Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss: | | | | | |
| Unrealised gains / (losses) on investment securities | 954,380 | 1,636,098 | (3,608,168) | 2,590,478 | (4,650,928) |
| Realised gains on investment securities | 7,027 | 1,866 | 21,120 | 8,893 | 41,702 |
| Foreign currency translation | (707) | 994 | (4,003) | 287 | (1,473) |
| Finance income / (expense) from insurance contracts | (189,170) | 739,512 | (581,065) | 170,552 | (573,324) |
| Expected credit losses on investment securities | 35,211 | 135,340 | 2,367 | 550,341 | 4,898 |
| | 806,741 | 2,513,810 | (4,169,749) | 3,320,551 | (5,179,125) |
| Taxation | (261,155) | (732,466) | 1,219,739 | (993,621) | 1,524,516 |
| | 545,586 | 1,781,344 | (2,950,010) | 2,326,930 | (3,654,609) |
| Other comprehensive (loss) / income, net of tax | 670,087 | (4,525,735) | (2,803,362) | (3,855,648) | (1,675,962 |
| Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the period | 4,878,418 | (1,105,441) | (396,466) | 3,772,977 | 1,984,219 |

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position April 30, 2023

| | | Restated | Restated |
|--|---|---|---|
| Unaudited (\$ Thousands) | April 30, 2023 | October 31, 2022 | April 30, 2022 |
| ASSETS | | | |
| CASH RESOURCES, NET OF ALLOWANCES | 181,170,125 | 148,992,184 | 162,778,858 |
| FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS | 2,521,862 | 3,035,413 | 2,965,281 |
| INVESTMENT SECURITIES | 150,639,857 | 148,846,066 | 160,997,695 |
| PLEDGED ASSETS | 13,482,777 | 15,598,720 | 16,249,117 |
| GOVERNMENT SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER RESALE AGREEMENTS | - | 751,427 | - |
| LOANS, NET OF ALLOWANCES FOR CREDIT LOSSES | 249,326,269 | 237,044,011 | 207,221,552 |
| SEGREGATED FUND ASSETS | 1,140,406 | 978,078 | 897,920 |
| REINSURANCE CONTRACT ASSETS | 2,360 | 2,481 | 2,410 |
| OTHER ASSETS | | | |
| Property and equipment, including right of use assets Deferred taxation Taxation recoverable Retirement benefit asset Other assets | 9,434,816 2,093,336 3,579,211 14,947,298 4,193,409 | 9,311,741 2,594,677 2,591,341 23,561,041 3,119,420 | 8,940,096 1,653,455 2,034,647 35,198,393 5,862,982 |
| Intangible assets | 499,823 34,747,893 | 552,036 41,730,256 | 524,942 54,214,515 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 633,031,549 | 596,978,636 | 605,327,348 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Deposits by the public Amounts due to banks and other financial institutions | 437,552,259 2,336,320 439,888,579 | 397,176,483 1,561,132 398,737,615 | 397,661,777 2,425,460 400,087,237 |
| OTHER LIABILITIES Capital management and government securities funds Deferred taxation Retirement benefit obligation Other liabilities | 11,115,059 1,191,273 4,485,706 16,548,392 33,340,430 | 14,128,403 3,501,883 4,557,782 17,537,336 39,725,404 | 16,440,586 7,846,213 5,488,515 13,464,264 43,239,578 |
| INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES | 49,358,107 | 50,139,394 | 48,334,419 |
| REINSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES | 1,641 | 1,780 | 1,798 |
| SEGREGATED FUND ASSETS | 1,140,406 | 978,078 | 897,920 |
| STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Share capital Reserve fund Retained earnings reserve Capital reserve Loan loss reserve Other reserves Insurance Finance Reserve Translation reserve Cumulative remeasurement on investment securities Unappropriated profits | 6,569,810 3,249,976 46,891,770 11,340 444,749 9,964 (805,794) 35,222 (3,517,781) 56,413,130 109,302,386 | 6,569,810 3,249,976 45,891,770 11,340 361,367 9,964 (1,218,549) 34,935 (5,431,669) 57,917,421 107,396,365 | 6,569,810 3,249,976 45,891,770 11,340 488,674 9,964 (429,993 37,232 (3,832,818 60,770,441 112,766,396 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 633,031,549 | 596,978,636 | 605,327,348 |

Director

Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity as at April 30, 2023

| Unaudited (\$ Thousands) | Share Capital | Reserve Fund | Retained Earnings Reserve | Capital Reserves | Cumulative Remeasurement on Investment Securities | Loan Loss Reserve | Other Reserves | Insurance Finance Reserve | Translation Reserve | Unappropriated Profits | Total |
|--|---------------|--------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Balance as at 31 October 2021 | 6,569,810 | 3,249,976 | 45,891,770 | 11,340 | (609,675) | 334,797 | 9,964 | - | 38,705 | 58,498,486 | 113,995,173 |
| Cumulative effect of adopting IFRS 17 | - | - | - | | - | - | | - | - | (1,034,882) | (1,034,882) |
| Balance as at 1 November 2021, as restated | 6,569,810 | 3,249,976 | 45,891,770 | 11,340 | (609,675) | 334,797 | 9,964 | - | 38,705 | 57,463,604 | 112,960,291 |
| Net Profit | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,660,181 | 3,660,181 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Re-measurement of defined benefit plan / obligations | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,978,647 | 1,978,647 |
| Foreign Currency Translation Unrealised losses on investment securities, | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (1,473) | - | (1,473) |
| net of taxes and provisions | - | - | - | - | (3,250,945) | - | - | - | - | - | (3,250,945) |
| Realised losses on investment securities, net of taxes | - | - | - | - | 27,802 | - | - | - | - | - | 27,802 |
| Financeexpense on insurance contracts | - | | - | - | - | - | - | (429,993) | - | - | (429,993) |
| Total Comprehensive Income | - | - | - | - | (3,223,143) | - | _ | (429,993) | (1,473) | 5,638,828 | 1,984,219 |
| Transfer to loan loss reserve | - | - | - | - | - | 153,877 | - | - | - | (153,877) | - |
| Dividends paid | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2,178,114) | (2,178,114) |
| Balance as at 30 April 2022, as restated | 6,569,810 | 3,249,976 | 45,891,770 | 11,340 | (3,832,818) | 488,674 | 9,964 | (429,993) | 37,232 | 60,770,441 | 112,766,396 |
| Balance as at 31 October 2022, as restated | 6,569,810 | 3,249,976 | 45,891,770 | 11,340 | (5,431,669) | 361,367 | 9,964 | (1,218,549) | 34,935 | 57,917,421 | 107,396,365 |
| Net Profit | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7,628,625 | 7,628,625 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Re-measurement of defined benefit plan / obligations | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (6,182,578) | (6,182,578) |
| Foreign Currency Translation Unrealised gains on investment securities, | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 287 | - | 287 |
| net of taxes and provisions | - | - | - | - | 1,907,959 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,907,959 |
| Realised losses on investment securities, net of taxes | - | - | - | - | 5,929 | - | - | - | = | - | 5,929 |
| Finance income on insurance contracts | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 412,755 | - | - | 412,755 |
| Total Comprehensive Income | | • | - | - | 1,913,888 | • | | 412,755 | 287 | 1,446,047 | 3,772,977 |
| Transfers between reserves | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfer to Retained Earnings Reserve | - | - | 1,000,000 | - | - | - | - | | - | (1,000,000) | - |
| Transfer to loan loss reserve | - | - | - | - | - | 83,382 | - | | - | (83,382) | - |
| Dividends paid | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | - | (1,866,956) | (1,866,956) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |



Condensed Statement of Consolidated Cash Flows Period ended April 30, 2023

| Unaudited (\$ Thousands) | 2023 | Restated 2022 |
|--|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | |
| Cash flows provided by operating activities Profit for the period | 7,628,625 | 3,660,181 |
| Items not affecting cash: | 7,020,023 | 3,000,101 |
| Expected credit losses | 1,728,890 | 1,832,546 |
| Depreciation and amortisation of right of use assets | 495,168 | 471,685 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 55,716 | 45,480 |
| Taxation | 3,959,292 | 1,982,439 |
| Net interest income | (18,490,678) | (13,320,746) |
| Gain on disposal of property | (159,873) | (287,416) |
| Increase in retirement benefit assets / obligations | (658,570) | (643,814) |
| Impairment of property and equipment | - | ` 11 [′] ,871 [′] |
| _ | (5,441,430) | (6,247,774) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities | , , , , , | |
| Loans | (13,948,270) | (1,482,040) |
| Deposits | 37,358,338 | 16,821,496 |
| Insurance contracts | (230,964) | 1,319,199 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss | 529,734 | 758,937 |
| Interest received | 18,527,208 | 13,512,941 |
| Interest paid | (480,338) | (275,847) |
| Taxation paid | (4,575,099) | (1,118,829) |
| Amounts with parent and fellow subsidiaries | (406,059) | 770,892 |
| Other _ | (6,085,933) | (3,664,832) |
| _ | 25,247,187 | 20,394,143 |
| Cash flows provided by/ (used in) investing activities | | |
| Purchase of investment securities | (68,184,090) | (66,709,022) |
| Proceeds from maturities / sales of investment securities | 73,820,546 | 42,748,163 |
| Purchase of property, equipment and intangibles | (581,800) | (502,465) |
| Proceeds on sale of property and equipment | 189,593 | 331,355° |
| | 5,244,249 | (24,131,969) |
| Cook flavor wood in financian activities | | • |
| Cash flows used in financing activities | (4,000,050) | (0.470.444) |
| Dividends paid | (1,866,956) | (2,178,114) |
| Lease payments on right of use asset | (88,329) | (88,449) |
| _ | (1,955,285) | (2,266,563) |
| Effect of exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents | 243,983 | (752,578) |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | 28,780,134 | (6,756,967) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 103,837,023 | 127,412,620 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | 132,617,157 | 120,655,653 |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | , , | • |
| Represented by : | | |
| Cash resources, net of expected credit losses | 181,170,125 | 162,778,858 |
| Less statutory reserves at Bank of Jamaica | (39,371,332) | (32,784,126) |
| Less amounts due from other banks greater than ninety days | (8,638,910) | (9,113,017) |
| Expected credit losses on cash resources | 43,831 | 1,683 |
| Less accrued interest on cash resources | (363,868) | (60,620) |
| Pledged assets, investment securities and repurchase agreements assets less than ninety days | 3,251,178 | 3,112,057 |
| Cheques and other instruments in transit, net | (3,473,867) | (3,279,182) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period | 132,617,157 | 120,655,653 |

Segmental Financial Information

April 30, 2023

| April 60, 2020 | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | Banking | | | | | | |
| | | | Corporate | Investment | | | | |
| Unaudited | | | and | Management | Insurance | | | |
| (\$ Thousands) | Treasury | Retail | Commercial | Services | Services | Other | Eliminations | Group |
| Net external revenues | 5,805,635 | 9,912,201 | 7,300,122 | 1,563,995 | 2,453,299 | 162,946 | - | 27,198,198 |
| Revenues from other segments | (4,098,003) | 1,188,492 | 2,743,425 | 80,928 | 92,280 | - | (7,122) | - |
| Total revenues | 1,707,632 | 11,100,693 | 10,043,547 | 1,644,923 | 2,545,579 | 162,946 | (7,122) | 27,198,198 |
| Expenses | (672,967) | (9,199,898) | (4,402,072) | (837,934) | (399,940) | (77,088) | (20,382) | (15,610,281) |
| Profit before tax | 1,034,665 | 1,900,795 | 5,641,475 | 806,989 | 2,145,639 | 85,858 | (27,504) | 11,587,917 |
| Taxation | | | | | | | | (3,959,292) |
| Profit for the period | | | | | | | = | 7,628,625 |
| Segment assets | 253,265,675 | 179,328,919 | 100,640,078 | 24,201,502 | 66,472,585 | 22,355,614 | (33,185,372) | 613,079,001 |
| Unallocated assets | | | | | | | , , , , , | 19,952,548 |
| Total assets | | | | | | | _ | 633,031,549 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Segment liabilities | 1,901,093 | 239,397,739 | 219,813,673 | 14,316,295 | 50,658,856 | 102,800 | (17,590,240) | 508,600,216 |
| Unallocated liabilities | | | | | | | | 15,128,947 |
| Total liabilities | | | | | | | = | 523,729,163 |
| Other Segment items: | | | | | | | | |
| Net interest income | 619,451 | 8,790,688 | 6,343,088 | 480,464 | 2,011,251 | 191,657 | 54,079 | 18,490,678 |
| Capital expenditure | - | 266,770 | 312,815 | 2,215 | - | - | - | 581,800 |
| Expected credit losses | 11,387 | 990,084 | 65,392 | 23,542 | 84,689 | - | - | 1,175,094 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 3,827 | 323,609 | 164,551 | 56,583 | 2,314 | - | - | 550,884 |

Segmental Financial Information April 30, 2022 (Restated)

| | | Banking | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---|---|------------|---|--------------|--------------|
| 11 | | | Corporate | Investment | L | | | |
| Unaudited | _ | | and | Management | Insurance | | | _ |
| (\$ Thousands) | Treasury | Retail | Commercial | Services | Services | Other | Eliminations | Group |
| Net external revenues | 3,088,788 | 8,982,644 | 5,144,161 | 1,455,214 | 1,168,277 | (14,077) | - | 19,825,007 |
| Revenues from other segments | (1,395,943) | 249,918 | 1,112,577 | 22,521 | (4,713) | - | 15,640 | - |
| Total revenues | 1,692,845 | 9,232,562 | 6,256,738 | 1,477,735 | 1,163,564 | (14,077) | 15,640 | 19,825,007 |
| Expenses | (685,610) | (8,738,688) | (3,482,718) | (828,141) | (374,622) | (31,736) | (40,872) | (14,182,387) |
| Profit before tax | 1,007,235 | 493,874 | 2,774,020 | 649,594 | 788,942 | (45,813) | (25,232) | 5,642,620 |
| Taxation | | | | | | | | (1,982,439) |
| Profit for the period | | | | | | | = | 3,660,181 |
| Segment assets | 244,920,887 | 154,729,946 | 80,968,126 | 27,850,603 | 60,416,368 | 23,079,879 | (27,586,123) | 564,379,686 |
| Unallocated assets | | , , , | , | , | | , | (, , , , | 40,947,662 |
| Total assets | | | | | | | = | 605,327,348 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Segment liabilities | | 217,137,109 | 200,937,159 | 18,113,929 | 49,491,808 | 15,178 | (14,609,321) | 471,085,862 |
| Unallocated liabilities | | | | | | | | 21,475,090 |
| Total liabilities | | | | | | | = | 492,560,952 |
| Other Segment items: | | | | | | | | |
| Net interest income | 616,328 | 7,333,503 | 3,584,738 | 257,531 | 1,499,999 | 7,553 | 21,093 | 13,320,745 |
| Capital expenditure | - | 295,326 | 207,139 | - | - | - | - | 502,465 |
| Expected credit losses | 15,693 | 1,182,856 | 25,608 | 1,202 | 924 | - | - | 1,226,283 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 3,644 | 321,736 | 137,649 | 51,813 | 2,323 | | - | 517,165 |



NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2023

1. Identification

Scotia Group Jamaica Limited (the Company) is a 71.78% subsidiary of Scotiabank Caribbean Holdings Limited, which is incorporated and domiciled in Barbados. The Bank of Nova Scotia, which is incorporated and domiciled in Canada, is the ultimate parent.

The Company is the parent of The Bank of Nova Scotia Jamaica Limited (100%) and Scotia Investments Jamaica Limited (100%). All subsidiaries are incorporated in Jamaica, except for Scotia Asset Management (Barbados) Inc.

2. Significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of presentation

Statement of compliance

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, 'Interim financial reporting'. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the Group's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended October 31, 2022, which was prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Functional and presentation currency

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Jamaican dollars, which is the Group's functional currency. All financial information has been expressed in thousands of Jamaican dollars unless otherwise stated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the assets, liabilities, and results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries presented as a single economic entity. Intra-group transactions, balances, and unrealized gains and losses are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates, apply judgements and make assumptions that affect the reported amount of and disclosures relating to assets, liabilities, income and expenses at the date of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements. Estimates and judgements are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, and are continually evaluated.



4. Financial Assets

Financial assets include both debt and equity instruments.

Classification and measurement

Debt instruments

Debt instruments, including loans and debt securities, are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

- Amortized cost;
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); or
- Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

Classification of debt instruments is determined based on the business model under which the asset is held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the instrument.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments are measured at FVTPL, unless an election is made to designate them at FVOCI upon purchase.

Allowance for expected credit losses

The group applies a three-stage approach to measure allowance for credit losses, using an expected credit loss approach as required under IFRS 9. Financial assets migrate through three stages based on the change in credit risk since initial recognition.

The Group's allowance for credit loss calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. This impairment model uses a three-stage approach based on the extent of credit deterioration since origination:

- Stage 1 Where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk (SIR) since initial recognition of a financial instrument, an amount equal to 12 months expected credit loss is recorded. The expected credit loss is computed using a probability of default occurring over the next 12 months.
- Stage 2 When a financial instrument experiences a SIR subsequent to origination but is not considered to be in default, it is included in Stage 2. This requires the computation of expected credit loss based on the probability of default over the remaining estimated life of the financial instrument.
- Stage 3 Financial instruments that are considered to be in default are included in this stage. Similar to Stage 2, the allowance for credit losses captures the lifetime expected credit losses.



5. Pledged Assets

Assets are pledged to other financial institutions, regulators, and the clearing house as collateral under repurchase agreements with counterparties.

| (\$ Millions) | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|--------|--------|
| Capital Management and Government Securities funds | 11,019 | 14,372 |
| Securities with regulators, clearing houses and other financial institutions | 2,464 | 1,877 |
| | 13,483 | 16,249 |

6. Insurance and investment contracts

Insurance contracts are those contracts that transfer significant insurance risks. Such contracts may also transfer financial risk. As a general guideline, the Group defines as significant insurance risk, the possibility of having to pay benefits at the occurrence of an insured event that is at least 10% more than the benefits payable if the insured event did not occur.

7. Property and equipment including right of use assets

All property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The Group recognizes a right of use asset and a lease liability at the commencement of the lease. The right of use asset is initially measured based on the present value of the lease payments.

8. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include notes and coins on hand, unrestricted balances held with Bank of Jamaica, amounts due from other banks, and highly liquid financial assets with original maturities of less than ninety days, which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in their fair value.

9. Employee benefits

The Group operates both defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans. The assets of the plans are held in separate trustee-administered funds. The pension plans are funded by contributions from employees and by the relevant group companies, taking into account the recommendations of qualified actuaries.

(i) Defined Benefit Plan

The asset or liability in respect of the defined benefit plan is the difference between the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date and the fair value of plan assets.

Where a pension asset arises, the amount recognized is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reduction in future contributions to the plan. The pension costs are assessed using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

9. Employee benefits (continued)

(i) Defined Benefit Plan (continued)

Under this method, the cost of providing pensions is charged as an expense in such a manner as to spread the regular cost over the service lives of the employees in accordance with the advice of the actuaries, who carry out a full valuation of the plan every year in accordance with IAS 19. Re-measurements comprising actuarial gains and losses, return on plan assets and changes in the effect of the asset ceiling are reported in other comprehensive income. The pension obligation is measured as the present value of the estimated future benefits of employees, in return for service in the current and prior periods, using estimated discount rates based on market yields on Government securities which have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liability.

(ii) Other post-retirement obligations

The Group also provides supplementary health care and insurance benefits to qualifying employees upon retirement. The entitlement to these benefits is usually based on the completion of a minimum service period and the employee remaining in service up to retirement age. The expected costs of these benefits are accrued over the period of employment, using an accounting methodology similar to that for defined benefit pension plans. These obligations are valued annually by qualified independent actuaries.

(iii) Defined contribution plan

Contributions to this plan are charged to the statement of revenue and expenses in the period to which they relate.

10. Segment reporting

The Group is organized into six main business segments:

- Retail Banking this incorporates personal banking services, personal deposit accounts, credit and debit cards, customer loans and mortgages;
- Corporate and Commercial Banking this incorporates non-personal direct debit facilities, current accounts, deposits, overdrafts, loans and other credit facilities;
- Treasury this incorporates the Group's liquidity and investment management function, management of correspondent bank relationships, as well as foreign currency trading activities;
- Investment Management Services this incorporates investments, unit trusts, pension and other fund management, brokerage and advisory services, and the administration of trust accounts.
- Insurance Services this incorporates the provision of life and medical insurance, individual pension administration and annuities;
- Other operations of the Group comprise the parent company.

Segment assets and liabilities comprise operating assets and liabilities, being the majority of items on the statement of financial position, but exclude items such as taxation, retirement benefits asset and obligation and borrowings. Eliminations comprise intercompany transactions and balances. The Group's operations are located mainly in Jamaica. The operations of subsidiaries located overseas represent less than 10% of the Group's operating revenues and assets.



11. Prior year adjustment

Given the non-coterminous year-ends of the Bank of Nova Scotia Jamaica Limited and it's subsidiary Scotia Jamaica Life Insurance company, as well as the system requirements to maintain parallel reporting under IFRS 4 and IFRS 17, the Group has early adopted the new insurance standard IFRS 17 – 'Insurance Contracts'.

The following tables summarize the impact on the Group's financial statements.

| Statement of Financial Position | | October 2022 | | October 2021 | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | As previously reported | Adjustments | As restated | As previously reported | Adjustments | As restated | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| Cash Resources, net of Allowances | 148,992,184 | - | 148,992,184 | 168,675,612 | - | 168,675,612 | |
| Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss | 3,035,413 | - | 3,035,413 | 3,703,002 | - | 3,703,002 | |
| Investment Securities | 148,846,066 | - | 148,846,066 | 141,625,200 | - | 141,625,200 | |
| Pledged Assets | 15,598,720 | - | 15,598,720 | 15,639,678 | - | 15,639,678 | |
| Government Securities Purchased under Resale Agreements | 751,427 | - | 751,427 | - | - | - | |
| Loans, net of Allowances for Credit Losses | 237,786,054 | (742,043) | 237,044,011 | 208,523,054 | (839,191) | 207,683,863 | |
| Segregated Fund Assets | - | 978,078 | 978,078 | - | 830,584 | 830,584 | |
| Reinsurance Contract Assets | - | 2,481 | 2,481 | - | 1,694 | 1,694 | |
| Other Assets | | | | | | | |
| Taxation Recoverable | 2,591,341 | - | 2,591,341 | 2,262,233 | - | 2,262,233 | |
| Other Assets | 3,128,904 | (9,484) | 3,119,420 | 4,036,354 | - | 4,036,354 | |
| Property and Equipment | 9,311,741 | - | 9,311,741 | 8,851,961 | - | 8,851,961 | |
| Intangible Assets | 552,036 | - | 552,036 | 570,421 | - | 570,421 | |
| Retirement Benefit Asset | 23,561,041 | - | 23,561,041 | 31,254,250 | - | 31,254,250 | |
| Deferred Taxation | 1,443,296 | 1,151,381 | 2,594,677 | 441,444 | 344,969 | 786,413 | |
| | 40,588,359 | 1,141,897 | 41,730,256 | 47,416,663 | 344,969 | 47,761,632 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 595,598,223 | 1,380,413 | 596,978,636 | 585,583,209 | 338,056 | 585,921,265 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | |
| Deposits by Public | 398,737,615 | - | 398,737,615 | 380,430,926 | - | 380,430,926 | |
| Other Liabilities | 39,725,404 | - | 39,725,404 | 45,291,803 | - | 45,291,803 | |
| Insurance Contract Liabilities | 46,284,431 | 3,854,963 | 50,139,394 | 45,865,307 | 540,268 | 46,405,575 | |
| Segregated Fund Liabilities | - | 978,078 | 978,078 | - | 830,584 | 830,584 | |
| Reinsurance Contract Liabilities | - | 1,780 | 1,780 | - | 2,086 | 2,086 | |
| Share Capital and Other Equity | 50,697,493 | - | 50,697,493 | 55,496,687 | - | 55,496,687 | |
| Unappropriated Profits | 60,153,280 | (2,235,859) | 57,917,421 | 58,498,486 | (1,034,882) | 57,463,604 | |
| Insurance Finance Reserve | - | (1,218,549) | (1,218,549) | - | - | - | |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 595,598,223 | 1,380,413 | 596,978,636 | 585,583,209 | 338,056 | 585,921,265 | |

11. Prior year adjustment (continued)

| Statement of Revenue & Expenses | April 30, 2022 | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| (\$ Thousands) | As previously reported | Adjustments | As restated | | | |
| Interest Income | 13,604,716 | 2,795 | 13,607,511 | | | |
| Interest Expense | (894,903) | 608,137 | (286,766) | | | |
| Expected Credit Losses | (1,226,283) | - - | (1,226,283) | | | |
| Net Finance Expenses from Insurance Contracts | - | (604,129) | (604,129) | | | |
| Net Finance Income or Expense from Reinsurance Contracts | - | 134 | 134 | | | |
| Insurance Revenue Insurance Service Expenses | 1,498,913 | (1,130,468) (232,462) | 368,445 (232,462) | | | |
| Net Fee and Commission Income | 3,256,278 | (1,760) | 3,254,518 | | | |
| Net Gains on Foreign Currency Activities Net Gains on Financial Assets | 3,365,968 49,687 | - | 3,365,968 49,687 | | | |
| Other Revenue | 302,101 | - | 302,101 | | | |
| TOTAL OPERATING INCOME | 19,956,477 | (1,357,753) | 18,598,724 | | | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | | |
| Salaries and Staff Benefits | 5,005,375 | (228,047) | 4,777,328 | | | |
| Property Expenses, including depreciation | 1,167,081 | (14,774) | 1,152,307 | | | |
| Amortisation of Intangible Assets | 45,480 | - | 45,480 | | | |
| Asset Tax | 1,316,085 | - | 1,316,085 | | | |
| Other Operating Expenses | 5,835,396 | (170,492) | 5,664,904 | | | |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 13,369,417 | (413,313) | 12,956,104 | | | |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION | 6,587,060 | (944,440) | 5,642,620 | | | |
| Taxation | (2,218,672) | 236,233 | (1,982,439) | | | |
| PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD | 4,368,388 | (708,207) | 3,660,181 | | | |
| Statement of Comprehensive Income | | | | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss | | | | | | |
| Remeasurement Of Defined Benefit Plans/Obligations net of taxes | 1,978,647 | - | 1,978,647 | | | |
| Items that will be reclassified to profit and loss | | | | | | |
| Unrealized Losses on Investment Securities | (4,650,928) | - | (4,650,928) | | | |
| Realised Losses/Gains on Investment Securities | 41,702 | - | 41,702 | | | |
| Foreign Currency Translation | (1,473) | - | (1,473) | | | |
| Expected Credit Losses on Investment Securities | 4,898 | - | 4,898 | | | |
| Insurance Finance Reserve | - | (573,324) | (573,324) | | | |
| | (2,627,154) | (573,324) | (3,200,478) | | | |
| Taxation | 1,381,185 | 143,331 | 1,524,516 | | | |
| | (1,245,969) | (429,993) | (1,675,962) | | | |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAX | 3,122,419 | (1,138,200) | 1,984,219 | | | |